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SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5569

State of Washington 57th Legislature

2002 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Haugen and Benton)

READ FIRST TIME 02/12/2002.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to registered tow truck operators; and amending RCW
- 2 46.55.075, 46.55.110, 46.55.120, and 46.61.570.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.55.075 and 1999 c 398 s 3 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 The Washington state patrol shall provide by rule for a uniform
- 7 impound authorization and inventory form. All law enforcement agencies
- 8 must use this form for all vehicle impounds after June 30, 2001.
- 9 The Washington state patrol, in consultation with the administrator
- 10 for the courts, shall provide by rule a uniform release form to be used
- 11 by courts or agencies authorizing release of property from suspended
- 12 license impounds under RCW 46.55.120(1)(e). This form must be used to
- 13 order the release of all vehicles held in suspended license impounds
- 14 after October 1, 2002.
- 15 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.55.110 and 1999 c 398 s 6 are each amended to read
- 16 as follows:
- 17 (1) When an unauthorized vehicle is impounded, the impounding
- 18 towing operator shall notify the legal and registered owners of the

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- 1 impoundment of the unauthorized vehicle and the owners of any other
- 2 items of personal property registered or titled with the department.
- 3 The notification shall be sent by first-class mail within twenty-four
- 4 hours after the impoundment to the last known registered and legal
- 5 owners of the vehicle, and the owners of any other items of personal
- 6 property registered or titled with the department, as provided by the
- 7 law enforcement agency, and shall inform the owners of the identity of
- 8 the person or agency authorizing the impound. The notification shall
- 9 include the name of the impounding tow firm, its address, and telephone
- 10 number. The notice shall also include the location, time of the
- 11 impound, and by whose authority the vehicle was impounded. The notice
- 12 shall also include the written notice of the right of redemption and
- 13 opportunity for a hearing to contest the validity of the impoundment
- 14 pursuant to RCW 46.55.120.
- 15 (2) In addition, if a suspended license impound has been ordered,
- 16 the notice must state the length of the impound, the requirement of the
- 17 posting of a security deposit to ensure payment of the costs of
- 18 removal, towing, and storage, notification that if the security deposit
- 19 is not posted the vehicle will immediately be processed and sold at
- 20 auction as an abandoned vehicle, and the requirements set out in RCW
- 21 $46.55.120(1)((\frac{b}{b}))$ (e) regarding the payment of the costs of removal,
- 22 towing, and storage as well as providing proof of satisfaction of any
- 23 penalties, fines, or forfeitures before redemption. The notice must
- 24 also state that the registered owner is ineligible to purchase the
- 25 vehicle at the abandoned vehicle auction, if held.
- 26 (3) In the case of an abandoned vehicle, or other item of personal
- 27 property registered or titled with the department, within twenty-four
- 28 hours after receiving information on the owners from the department
- 29 through the abandoned vehicle report, the tow truck operator shall send
- 30 by certified mail, with return receipt requested, a notice of custody
- 31 and sale to the legal and registered owners.
- 32 (4) If the date on which a notice required by subsection (3) of
- 33 this section is to be mailed falls upon a Saturday, Sunday, or a postal
- 34 holiday, the notice may be mailed on the next day that is neither a
- 35 Saturday, Sunday, nor a postal holiday.
- 36 (5) No notices need be sent to the legal or registered owners of an
- 37 impounded vehicle or other item of personal property registered or
- 38 titled with the department, if the vehicle or personal property has
- 39 been redeemed.

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- Sec. 3. RCW 46.55.120 and 2000 c 193 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- 3 (1) Vehicles or other items of personal property registered or 4 titled with the department that are impounded by registered tow truck 5 operators pursuant to RCW 46.55.080, 46.55.085, 46.55.113, or 9A.88.140 6 may be redeemed only under the following circumstances:
- 7 (a) Only the legal owner, the registered owner, a person authorized 8 in writing by the registered owner or the vehicle's insurer, a person 9 who is determined and verified by the operator to have the permission 10 of the registered owner of the vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department, or one who has 11 purchased a vehicle or item of personal property registered or titled 12 13 with the department from the registered owner who produces proof of ownership or written authorization and signs a receipt therefor, may 14 15 redeem an impounded vehicle or items of personal property registered or 16 titled with the department. In addition, a vehicle impounded because the operator is in violation of RCW 46.20.342(1)(c) shall not be 17 released until a person eligible to redeem it under this subsection 18 19 (1)(a) satisfies the requirements of (e) of this subsection, including 20 paying all towing, removal, and storage fees, notwithstanding the fact that the hold was ordered by a government agency. If the department's 21 records show that the operator has been convicted of a violation of RCW 22 23 46.20.342 or a similar local ordinance within the past five years, the 24 vehicle may be held for up to thirty days at the written direction of 25 the agency ordering the vehicle impounded. A vehicle impounded because 26 the operator is arrested for a violation of RCW 46.20.342 may be 27 released only pursuant to a written order from the agency that ordered the vehicle impounded or from the court having jurisdiction. An agency 28 may issue a written order to release pursuant to a provision of an 29 30 applicable state agency rule or local ordinance authorizing release on 31 the basis of economic or personal hardship to the spouse of the operator, taking into consideration public safety factors, including 32 33 the operator's criminal history and driving record.
- If a vehicle is impounded because the operator is in violation of RCW 46.20.342(1) (a) or (b), the vehicle may be held for up to thirty days at the written direction of the agency ordering the vehicle impounded. However, if the department's records show that the operator has been convicted of a violation of RCW 46.20.342(1) (a) or (b) or a similar local ordinance within the past five years, the vehicle may be

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- held at the written direction of the agency ordering the vehicle 1 impounded for up to sixty days, and for up to ninety days if the 2 operator has two or more such prior offenses. 3 If a vehicle is 4 impounded because the operator is arrested for a violation of RCW 5 46.20.342, the vehicle may not be released until a person eligible to redeem it under this subsection (1)(a) satisfies the requirements of 6 7 (e) of this subsection, including paying all towing, removal, and 8 storage fees, notwithstanding the fact that the hold was ordered by a 9 government agency.
- 10 (b) If the vehicle is directed to be held for a suspended license impound, a person who desires to redeem the vehicle at the end of the 11 period of impound shall within five days of the impound at the request 12 of the tow truck operator pay a security deposit to the tow truck 13 operator of not more than one-half of the applicable impound storage 14 15 rate for each day of the proposed suspended license impound. The tow 16 truck operator shall credit this amount against the final bill for 17 removal, towing, and storage upon redemption. The tow truck operator may accept other sufficient security in lieu of the security deposit. 18 19 If the person desiring to redeem the vehicle does not pay the security 20 deposit or provide other security acceptable to the tow truck operator, the tow truck operator may process and sell at auction the vehicle as 21 an abandoned vehicle within the normal time limits set out in RCW 22 46.55.130(1). The security deposit required by this section may be 23 24 paid and must be accepted at any time up to twenty-four hours before 25 the beginning of the auction to sell the vehicle as abandoned. 26 registered owner is not eligible to purchase the vehicle at the auction, and the tow truck operator shall sell the vehicle to the 27 highest bidder who is not the registered owner. 28
- (c) Notwithstanding (b) of this subsection, a rental car business may immediately redeem a rental vehicle it owns by payment of the costs of removal, towing, and storage, whereupon the vehicle will not be held for a suspended license impound.
 - (d) Notwithstanding (b) of this subsection, a motor vehicle dealer or lender with a perfected security interest in the vehicle may redeem or lawfully repossess a vehicle immediately by payment of the costs of removal, towing, and storage, whereupon the vehicle will not be held for a suspended license impound. A motor vehicle dealer or lender with a perfected security interest in the vehicle may not knowingly and intentionally engage in collusion with a registered owner to repossess

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and then return or resell a vehicle to the registered owner in an 1 2 attempt to avoid a suspended license impound. However, this provision 3 does not preclude a vehicle dealer or a lender with a perfected 4 security interest in the vehicle from repossessing the vehicle and then selling, leasing, or otherwise disposing of it in accordance with 5 chapter 62A.9A RCW, including providing redemption rights to the debtor 6 7 under RCW ((62A.9-506)) 62A.9A-623. If the debtor is the registered 8 owner of the vehicle, the debtor's right to redeem the vehicle under 9 chapter 62A.9A RCW is conditioned upon the debtor obtaining and 10 providing proof from the impounding authority or court having jurisdiction that any fines, penalties, and forfeitures owed by the 11 registered owner, as a result of the suspended license impound, have 12 13 been paid, and proof of the payment must be tendered to the vehicle dealer or lender at the time the debtor tenders all other obligations 14 15 required to redeem the vehicle. Vehicle dealers or lenders are not 16 liable for damages if they rely in good faith on an order from the 17 impounding agency or a court in releasing a vehicle held under a suspended license impound. 18

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(e) The vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department shall be released upon the presentation to any person having custody of the vehicle of commercially reasonable tender sufficient to cover the costs of towing, storage, or other services rendered during the course of towing, removing, impounding, or storing any such vehicle, with credit being given for the amount of any security deposit paid under (b) of this subsection. In addition, if a vehicle is impounded because the operator was arrested for a violation of RCW 46.20.342 or 46.20.345 and was being operated by the registered owner when it was impounded under local ordinance or agency rule, it must not be released to any person until the registered owner establishes with the agency that ordered the vehicle impounded or the court having jurisdiction that any penalties, fines, or forfeitures owed by him or her have been satisfied. Registered tow truck operators are not liable for damages if they rely in good faith on an order from the impounding agency or a court in releasing a vehicle held under a suspended license impound. Commercially reasonable tender shall include, without limitation, cash, major bank credit cards issued by financial institutions, or personal checks drawn on Washington state branches of financial institutions if accompanied by two pieces of valid identification, one of which may be required by the operator to

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have a photograph. If the towing firm cannot determine through the customer's bank or a check verification service that the presented 2 check would be paid by the bank or guaranteed by the service, the 3 4 towing firm may refuse to accept the check. Any person who stops payment on a personal check or credit card, or does not make 5 restitution within ten days from the date a check becomes insufficient 6 7 due to lack of funds, to a towing firm that has provided a service 8 pursuant to this section or in any other manner defrauds the towing 9 firm in connection with services rendered pursuant to this section 10 shall be liable for damages in the amount of twice the towing and storage fees, plus costs and reasonable attorney's fees. 11

(2)(a) The registered tow truck operator shall give to each person who seeks to redeem an impounded vehicle, or item of personal property registered or titled with the department, written notice of the right of redemption and opportunity for a hearing, which notice shall be accompanied by a form to be used for requesting a hearing, the name of the person or agency authorizing the impound, and a copy of the towing and storage invoice. The registered tow truck operator shall maintain a record evidenced by the redeeming person's signature that such notification was provided.

(b) Any person seeking to redeem an impounded vehicle under this 21 section has a right to a hearing in the district or municipal court for 22 the jurisdiction in which the vehicle was impounded to contest the 23 24 validity of the impoundment or the amount of towing and storage 25 charges. The district court has jurisdiction to determine the issues involving all impoundments including those authorized by the state or 26 27 The municipal court has jurisdiction to determine the its agents. issues involving impoundments authorized by agents of the municipality. 28 Any request for a hearing shall be made in writing on the form provided 29 30 for that purpose and must be received by the appropriate court within ten days of the date the opportunity was provided for in subsection 31 (2)(a) of this section and more than five days before the date of the 32 At the time of the filing of the hearing request, the 33 petitioner shall pay to the court clerk a filing fee in the same amount 34 35 required for the filing of a suit in district court. If the hearing request is not received by the court within the ten-day period, the 36 37 right to a hearing is waived and the registered owner is liable for any towing, storage, or other impoundment charges permitted under this 38

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chapter. Upon receipt of a timely hearing request, the court shall proceed to hear and determine the validity of the impoundment.

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- 3 (3)(a) The court, within five days after the request for a hearing, 4 shall notify the registered tow truck operator, the person requesting 5 the hearing if not the owner, the registered and legal owners of the 6 vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with 7 the department, and the person or agency authorizing the impound in 8 writing of the hearing date and time.
- 9 (b) At the hearing, the person or persons requesting the hearing
 10 may produce any relevant evidence to show that the impoundment, towing,
 11 or storage fees charged were not proper. The court may consider a
 12 written report made under oath by the officer who authorized the
 13 impoundment in lieu of the officer's personal appearance at the
 14 hearing.
- 15 (c) At the conclusion of the hearing, the court shall determine 16 whether the impoundment was proper, whether the towing or storage fees 17 charged were in compliance with the posted rates, and who is 18 responsible for payment of the fees. The court may not adjust fees or 19 charges that are in compliance with the posted or contracted rates.
 - (d) If the impoundment is found proper, the impoundment, towing, and storage fees as permitted under this chapter together with court costs shall be assessed against the person or persons requesting the hearing, unless the operator did not have a signed and valid impoundment authorization from a private property owner or an authorized agent.
 - (e) If the impoundment is determined to be in violation of this chapter, then the registered and legal owners of the vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department shall bear no impoundment, towing, or storage fees, and any security shall be returned or discharged as appropriate, and the person or agency who authorized the impoundment shall be liable for any towing, storage, or other impoundment fees permitted under this chapter. The court shall enter judgment in favor of the registered tow truck operator against the person or agency authorizing the impound for the impoundment, towing, and storage fees paid. In addition, the court shall enter judgment in favor of the registered and legal owners of the vehicle, or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department, for the amount of the filing fee required by law for the impound hearing petition as well as reasonable damages for loss of

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the use of the vehicle during the time the same was impounded, for not 1 less than fifty dollars per day, against the person or agency 2 authorizing the impound. However, if an impoundment arising from an 3 4 alleged violation of RCW 46.20.342 or 46.20.345 is determined to be in violation of this chapter, then the law enforcement officer directing 5 the impoundment and the government employing the officer are not liable 6 7 for damages if the officer relied in good faith and without gross 8 negligence on the records of the department in ascertaining that the 9 operator of the vehicle had a suspended or revoked driver's license. 10 If any judgment entered is not paid within fifteen days of notice in writing of its entry, the court shall award reasonable attorneys' fees 11 12 and costs against the defendant in any action to enforce the judgment. 13 Notice of entry of judgment may be made by registered or certified mail, and proof of mailing may be made by affidavit of the party 14 15 mailing the notice. Notice of the entry of the judgment shall read 16 essentially as follows:

17 TO: YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED JUDGMENT was entered against you in the 18 Court located at in the sum of 19 20 \$...., in an action entitled, Case No. . . . YOU ARE FURTHER NOTIFIED that attorneys fees and costs 21 22 will be awarded against you under RCW . . . if the judgment is 23 not paid within 15 days of the date of this notice. 24 DATED this day of (year) . . . 25 Signature 26 Typed name and address

(f) If the court determines that the impoundment is in violation of law and the person or agency authorizing the impound appeals the decision, the person or agency authorizing the impound shall still pay all towing, storage, or other impoundment fees permitted under this chapter to the registered tow truck operator within fifteen days of notice of judgment or be required to pay reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. However, the registered tow truck operator shall execute an assignment of any interest in the claim against the registered owner to the person or agency authorizing the impound in exchange for the payment.

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- (4) Any impounded abandoned vehicle or item of personal property 1 registered or titled with the department that is not redeemed within 2 3 fifteen days of mailing of the notice of custody and sale as required 4 by RCW 46.55.110(3) shall be sold at public auction in accordance with 5 all the provisions and subject to all the conditions of RCW 46.55.130. A vehicle or item of personal property registered or titled with the 6 7 department may be redeemed at any time before the start of the auction upon payment of the applicable towing and storage fees. 8
- 9 **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.61.570 and 1977 ex.s. c 151 s 40 are each amended 10 to read as follows:
- 11 (1) Except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic, or 12 in compliance with law or the directions of a police officer or 13 official traffic control device, no person shall:
- 14 (a) Stop, stand, or park a vehicle:
- 15 (i) On the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the 16 edge or curb of a street;
- 17 (ii) On a sidewalk or street planting strip;
- 18 (iii) Within an intersection;
- 19 (iv) On a crosswalk;
- (v) Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within thirty feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the ends of a safety zone, unless official signs or markings indicate a different no-parking area opposite the ends of a safety zone;
- (vi) Alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when stopping, standing, or parking would obstruct traffic;
- 26 (vii) Upon any bridge or other elevated structure upon a highway or 27 within a highway tunnel;
- 28 (viii) On any railroad tracks;
- 29 (ix) In the area between roadways of a divided highway including 30 crossovers; or
- 31 (x) At any place where official signs prohibit stopping.
- 32 (b) Stand or park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except 33 momentarily to pick up or discharge a passenger or passengers:
- 34 (i) In front of a public or private driveway or within five feet of 35 the end of the curb radius leading thereto;
- 36 (ii) Within fifteen feet of a fire hydrant;
- 37 (iii) Within twenty feet of a crosswalk;

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- 1 (iv) Within thirty feet upon the approach to any flashing signal, 2 stop sign, yield sign, or traffic control signal located at the side of 3 a roadway;
- 4 (v) Within twenty feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station 5 and on the side of a street opposite the entrance to any fire station 6 within seventy-five feet of said entrance when properly signposted; or
 - (vi) At any place where official signs prohibit standing.
- 8 (c) Park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except temporarily for 9 the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading 10 property or passengers:
- 11 (i) Within fifty feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing; 12 or
- 13 (ii) At any place where official signs prohibit parking.

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- 14 (2) Parking or standing shall be permitted in the manner provided 15 by law at all other places except a time limit may be imposed or 16 parking restricted at other places but such limitation and restriction 17 shall be by city ordinance or county resolution or order of the 18 secretary of transportation upon highways under their respective 19 jurisdictions.
- 20 (3) No person shall move a vehicle not lawfully under his or her 21 control into any such prohibited area or away from a curb such a 22 distance as is unlawful.
- 23 (4) It shall be unlawful for any person to reserve or attempt to 24 reserve any portion of a highway for the purpose of stopping, standing, 25 or parking to the exclusion of any other like person, nor shall any 26 person be granted such right.
- 27 (5) This section does not apply to a registered tow truck operator 28 engaged in the impoundment of a vehicle, the recovery or removal of an 29 abandoned or disabled vehicle, or performing emergency service on a 30 vehicle, when the stopping, standing, or parking is reasonably 31 necessary and for only a time as is reasonably necessary.

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